#### INTRODUCTION TO SOCIOLOGY

(SOCI 1001B, Monday 9:30 – 11:15 AM, YIA, LT4)

Department of Sociology

The Chinese University of Hong Kong

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#### **Overview:**

'Sociology teaches us that what we regard as natural, inevitable, good, or true may not be such. And that the "givens" of our lives – genetic or biological – are strongly influenced by historical and social forces. Understanding the subtle and yet complex and profound ways in which our individual lives reflect the contexts of our social experience is basic to the sociological outlook' (Giddens et al., 2003:4).

'Every individual life, from one generation to the next, in some society; that he lives out a biography, and that he lives it out within some historical sequence. By the fact of his living he contributes, however minutely, to the shaping of this society and to the course of his history, even as he is made by society and by its historical push and shove. The sociological imagination enables us to grasp history and biography and the relations between the two within society. That is its task and its promise' (Mills, 1959:6).

'Sociology...is bound to sap the foundations on which rest the popular beliefs in 'necessity' and the 'naturalness' of things, actions, trends and processes. It unmasks the irrationalities that have contributed to their composition and continuation. It reveals the contingencies behind the ostensible rules and norms, and the alternatives crowed around the allegedly sole possibility' (Bauman, 2014:29)

What is Sociology as an academic discipline? What does it teach us as human beings, social actors, and citizens? What is the calling and vocation of a sociologist? In what ways are sociological training relevant to how we think, perceive, and take up different roles in society? These are big questions, and this course tries to answer them.

The course has four major objectives. It introduces students to:

- 1. the history of the discipline, its major questions, theoretical perspectives, concepts and research methods;
- 2. the major components of social structures and how they interact with each other;
- 3. the major dimensions of social inequalities that sociologists have examined; and,
- 4. the theories and dynamics of social changes sociologists have proposed.

# **Expected Learning Outcome** (what students should have learned after taking this course):

- 1. Overview of sociology as a discipline;
- 2. Basic understanding of important sociological concepts and theories;
- 3. Basic understanding of sociological research method;
- 4. Thinking critically;
- 5. Reflection on one's values and ways of life (biography), and how these are linked with broader social contexts (history).
- 6. Reflection on individuals' responsibilities and their roles in constructing a more just world.

### **Grade Descriptor**

Α

Outstanding performance on all learning outcomes.

A-

Generally outstanding performance on all (or almost all) learning outcomes.

В

Substantial performance on all learning outcomes, OR high performance on some learning outcomes which compensates for less satisfactory performance on others, resulting in overall substantial performance.

 $\mathbf{C}$ 

Satisfactory performance on the majority of learning outcomes, possibly with a few weaknesses.

D

Barely satisfactory performance on a number of learning outcomes.

F

Unsatisfactory performance on a number of learning outcomes, OR failure to meet specified assessment requirement.

### **Text Book:**

Giddens, Anthony & Philip W Sutton (7<sup>th</sup> edition). 2013. *Sociology. Cambridge: Polity*. (A hard copy of the textbook is being reserved at CUHK library. You may also order more advance editions of the book online.)

# **Supplementary Readings (all reserved at the CUHK library):**

Berger, Peter. 1963. *Invitation to Sociology: A Humanistic Perspective*. Garden City: Doubleday. (A hard copy of this book is being reserved at the CUHK Library. You could also find E-copies of the book at CUHK library. This text book is also available at CUHK book store, or you could order it online).

Mills, C. Wright. 1959. *The Sociological Imagination*. NY: Oxford University Press, 1959. Chapter 1 and Chapter 6.

Choi, Susanne YP., & Peng, Yinni. 2016. Masculine Compromise: Migration, Family and Gender in China. Oakland: University of California Press.

Research suggests that reading printed rather than digital versions of books facilitates more deep-reading, reflection, and critical analysis (for more details see <a href="https://newrepublic.com/article/135326/digital-reading-no-substitute-print">https://newrepublic.com/article/135326/digital-reading-no-substitute-print</a>), if personal finance allows, I recommend students to read print rather than digital versions of the reading materials.

### Lecture Schedule

1. Overview (8/1) Giddens etc. Chapter 1 (pp.3-10); Mills: Chapter 1 (pp. 3-11);

Berger: Chapter 1

- 2. Founders of Sociology and Debunking (15/1) Giddens etc. Chapter. 1 (pp.10-29);
- 3. Culture and Society (22/1) Giddens etc. Chapter 4.
- 4. \*Sociological Theories: Social Structure and Social Control (29/1) Giddens etc. Chapter 3.
- 5. \*Sociological Theories: Social Role, Socialization, and Identity (5/2) Giddens etc. Chapter 3 (pp. 86-91) and chapter 9 (pp. 334-344).
- 6. \*Sociological Theories: Self and Agency, Conflict and Power (19/2) Giddens etc. Chapter 3;
- 7. Sociological Methods (26/2) Giddens etc. Chapter 2;

### Social Institutions

8. Family, Marriage and Intimate Relationships (11/3) Giddens etc. Chapter 10

Choi and Peng: Chapter 4.

9. Polity and Economy (17/3)(18/3)

Giddens etc. Chapter 7.

# Social Inequalities

- 10. Class Inequalities (25/3) Giddens etc.,: Chapters 12
- 11. Race and Gender Inequalities (8/4) Giddens etc.,: Chapters 15 and Chapters 16
- 12. Social Movement (15/4)

Giddens etc.,: Chapter 22 (pp. 994-1006)

Snow, D.A., Soule, Sarah A., Kriesi, Hanspeter. 2008. Mapping the Terrain. In David A Snow, Sarah A Soule, and Hanspeter Kriesi (eds.). The Blackwell Companion to Social Movements. Oxford: Blackwell. Pp. 3-16.

#### **Assessments:**

<u>1. In class participation</u> (5%) – participate in a questionnaire survey of a research lead by the instructor. Details will be announced later.

<u>2. Tutorials</u> (15%) - All students are required to attend tutorials. They are set up to help students to deepen their understanding of Sociology through presentations and discussions, and to consult their tutors about their assignments. Students of each tutorial class are divided into four groups, each group consisting of 3-4 people. Each group is required to present an assigned reading, which are listed below:

Mills, C. Wright. 1959. *The Sociological Imagination*. NY: Oxford University Press, 1959. Chapter 1. (The Promise)

Mills, C. Wright. 1959. *The Sociological Imagination*. NY: Oxford University Press, 1959. Chapter 7. (The Human Variety)

Mills, C. Wright. 1959. *The Sociological Imagination*. NY: Oxford University Press, 1959. Chapter 8. (Uses of History)

Mills, C. Wright. 1959. *The Sociological Imagination*. NY: Oxford University Press, 1959. Chapter 9. (On Reason and Freedom)

3. Writing assignment - All students are required to write one paper (35%).

Topics for Writing Assignment – Students could choose ONE from the following two options:

- 1. The first paper (35%) requires students to discuss how social structure and social institution have shaped individuals' lives. Sociologists such as Durkheim argue that social facts are 'external, coercive, and collective' and they shape our expectations and pattern our actions. What does this mean? Use your own experiences of living in Hong Kong society or your observations of what happens in Hong Kong to discuss how social institutions and social norms in this particular society have patterned, shaped and controlled the ways people expect and act. You may substantiate your arguments by using evidence from past relevant research, statistics, or interview people of interest to your discussion area. You also need to reflect on the strengths and pitfalls of such a sociological perspective.
- 2. Sociologists have explicated how social roles and socialization shape the self who we are, in other words, our identity. Using your own experiences, what you have learned from this class

about socialization, and/or the observations you have of Hong Kong or other societies to explain how socialization helps individuals to learn and accept certain social roles and discuss the limitations of the theory of socialization with respect to role taking and role learning.

Students can write their papers in either English (1000-1500 words) or Chinese (1500-3000 words). The paper is due by 1<sup>st</sup> March 2024.

All assignments are required to be <u>submitted to VeriGuide</u>, the plagiarism detection software of our university. <u>Students have to hand in their assignments online with the VeriGuide receipt</u> to the tutors before 5pm on the due date.

\* Attention is drawn to University policy and regulations on honesty in academic work, and to the disciplinary guidelines and procedures applicable to breaches of such policy and regulations. Details may be found at <a href="www.cuhk.edu.hk/policy/academichonesty/">www.cuhk.edu.hk/policy/academichonesty/</a>. With each assignment, students will be required to submit a statement that they are aware of these policies, regulations, guidelines and procedures.

## 3. Final Exam:

The Final exam consists of 30 multiple choice questions, 30 fill in the blanks, and answer a short question (45%). The materials to revise for the final exam include the referenced textbook chapters, and the lecture notes.