Expected Outcomes of Undergraduate Programme in Sociology

Sociology Department The Chinese University of Hong Kong 2013

By successfully completing our major programme, the sociology student should be able to:

Knowledge Domain

- 1. understand the role of sociology in contributing to our understanding of social order and its changes, such that the student will be expected to:
 - (a) describe how sociology differs from and is similar to other social sciences and to give examples of these differences;
 - (b) describe how sociology contributes to the understanding of social reality; and
 - (c) apply the sociological imagination, sociological principles, and concepts to her/his own life.
- 2. apply basic concepts derived from sociological theories in the understanding of social phenomenon, such that the student will be expected to:
 - (a) define theory and concepts and describe their roles in building sociological knowledge;
 - (b) compare and contrast basic theoretical orientations;
 - (c) show how theories and concepts reflect the historical context of the times and cultures in which they were developed; and
 - (d) describe and apply some basic theories or theoretical orientations in at least one area of social reality (e.g. stratification, organization and social development).
- 3. pursue an area of concentration (China studies, social research, and sociology and liberal studies) whenever appropriate and prepare for his/her career development in Chinese management, applied social research and teaching.
- 4. interpret the developments of Chinese communities and their place in the global and regional context, such that the student can: (a) describe and appreciate the significance of social and regional variations; and (b) know how to locate current events in a broader social and historical context.

Skills Domain

- 5. master basic qualitative and quantitative methods in sociology, such that the student can:
 - (a) describe the general role of scientific methods in building sociological knowledge;
 - (b) compare and contrast the basic methodological approaches for gathering and interpreting data;
 - (c) design a research study in an area of choice and explain why various decisions were made; and
 - (d) critically assess a published research report and explain how the study could have been improved.
- 6. think critically, such that the student can:
 - (a) move easily from recall analysis and application to synthesis and evaluation;
 - (b) identify underlying assumptions in particular theoretical orientations or arguments;

- (c) identify underlying assumptions in particular methodological approaches to an issue;
- (d) show how patterns of thought and knowledge are directly influenced by political economic social structures;
- (e) present opposing viewpoints and alternative hypotheses on various issues; and
- (f) engage in teamwork where many or different viewpoints are presented.
- 7. develop transferable skills beyond disciplinary requirements, particularly in the areas of:
 - (a) written and oral communication skills in a variety of contexts and modes;
 - (b) statistical and other techniques in processing and analyzing qualitative and quantitative data;
 - (c) information retrieval skills in relation to primary, secondary and electronic sources of information:
 - (d) presentation, communication and information technology skills;
 - (e) skills of time planning and management; and
 - (f) group work skills.

Values Domain

- 8. reflect on his or her own value position and appreciate:
 - (a) the utility of the sociological perspective as a useful and meaningful perspective on social reality and individual biography;
 - (b) the importance of ethics, honesty, and transparency in research and academic settings; and
 - (c) the importance of sociological analyses for reflection of value positions and life choices.

(Approved by the Department Board at its Third Meeting of 2012/13 on July 5, 2013.)

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